ՄԻԱՄՆԱԿԱՆ ՔՆՆՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ 2020

ԱՆԳԼԵՐԵՆ

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Խմբի համարը	
Նստարանի համարը	

Հարգելի՜ դիմորդ

Խորհուրդ ենք տալիս առաջադրանքները կատարել ըստ հերթականության։ Ուշադիր կարդացե՛ք յուրաքանչյուր առաջադրանք և պատասխանների առաջարկվող տարբերակները։ Եթե Ձեզ չի հաջողվում որևէ առաջադրանքի անմիջապես պատասխանել, ժամանակը խնայելու նպատակով կարող եք այն բաց թողնել և դրան անդրադառնալ ավելի ուշ։

Ձեր առջև դրված թեստ-գրքույկի էջերի դատարկ մասերը ազատորեն կարող եք օգտագործել սևագրության համար։ *Թեստ-գրքույկը չի ստուգվում։ Ստուգվում է միայն պատասխանների ձևաթուղթը։*

Առաջադրանքները կատարելուց հետո չմոռանաք պատասխանները ուշադիր և խնամքով նշել պատասխանների ձևաթղթում։ Պատասխանների ձևաթղթի ճիշտ լրացումից է կախված Ձեր քննական միավորը։

Մաղթում ենք հաջողություն։

I. Կարդալ տեքստը և պատասխանել հարցերին՝ ընտրելով ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Read the text and answer the questions choosing the right answer.

Line number

- 1. You know that you're doing something big when your company name becomes a
- 2. verb. Ask Xerox. In 1959 they created the first plain paper copy machine. It was one of
- 3. the most successful products ever. The company name Xerox grew into a verb that
- 4. means "to copy," as in "Bob, can you Xerox this for me?" Around 50 years later, the
- 5. same thing happened to Google. Their company name grew into a verb that means "to
- 6. do an internet search." Google wasn't the first company to invent their product, not by a
- 7. long shot. Lycos released their search engine in 1993. Yahoo! came out in 1994.
- 8. AltaVista began serving results in 1995. Google did not come out until years later, in
- 9. 1998. Though a few years difference may not seem like much, this is a major head start
- 10. in the fast moving world of tech. So how did Google do it? How did they overtake
- 11. their competitors who had such huge leads in time and money? Maybe one good idea
- 12. made all the difference.
- 13. There are millions of sites on the internet. How does a search engine know which
- 14. ones are relevant to your search? To understand how Google changed the game, you
- 15. need to know how search engines worked in 1998. Back then most websites looked at
- 16. the words in your query. They counted how many times those words appeared on each
- 17. page. Then they might return pages where the words in your query appeared the most.
- 18. This system did not work well and people often had to click through pages and pages
- 19. of results to find what they wanted. Google was the first search engine that began
- 20. considering links.
- 21. Links are those blue underlined words that take you to other pages when you click
- 22. on them. Larry Page, cofounder of Google, believed that meaningful data could be
- 23. drawn from how those links connect. Page figured that websites with many links
- 24. pointing at them were more important than those that had few. He was right. Google's
- 25. search results would soon become the world's most used search engine.
- 26. It was also due to the way they presented their product. Most of the other search
- 27. engines were **cluttered**. Their home pages were filled with everything from news
- 28. stories to stock quotes. But Google's homepage was, and still is, clean. People couldn't imagine such
- 29. a clean and open page as being complete. But the fresh design grew on people once they got used to
- 30. it. The Google search engine has changed our lives and our language.
- 1 Which title best expresses the author's main purpose in writing this text?
 - a) Search Engines: A Short History of Important Tools
 - b) Xerox Vs. Google: Battle of the Titans
 - c) Search Engines: How They Work and Why They aren't Important
 - d) A Better Way: How Google Rose to the Top
- 2 Which event happened last?
 - a) Xerox released their copy machine.
 - b) Lycos released their search engine.
 - c) Yahoo! released their search engine.
 - d) Google released their search engine.

- 3 Which statement would the author of this text most likely disagree with? a) Google's success may not have been possible without Larry Page. b) Part of Google's success is due to the design of their homepage. c) Google succeeded by following examples of others in their field. d) Google wasn't the first search engine, but it was the best. 4 The word query in line 17 could best be replaced by a) examination b) quiz c) doubt d) inquiry 5 What is the author's main purpose in writing this article? a) To discuss how companies can influence language over time b) To explain how Google overtook its rivals c) To compare and contrast Google and Xerox d) To persuade readers to use Google for internet searches Which statement would the author most likely agree with? 6 a) Google's other products are now more important to its success than search. b) Google became successful because its founders were well-connected. c) Google was the world's first and best search engine. d) Google changed the world by solving an old problem in a new way. 7 Which best expresses the main idea of the third paragraph? a) Google is a website that serves important links to users. b) Links allow people to surf from one website to the next. c) Larry Page's ideas about links helped Google get to the top. d) Larry Page contributed to the internet by inventing the link.
 - 8 Which best explains why the author discusses Xerox in this text?
 - a) He is comparing and contrasting Google and Xerox.
 - b) He is discussing big companies that came before Google.
 - c) He is explaining how companies must change with the times.
 - d) He is showing how companies can affect our language.

9	The word cluttered in line 27 is NOT synonymous to
	a) clean
	b) disarranged
	c) messed up
	d) jumbled
10	Which was cited as a reason why Google became so popular?
	a) Google provided useful stock quotes on their homepage.
	b) Google's homepage was clean.
	c) Google provided catchy news stories on their homepage.
	d) Google homepage loaded quickly.
II.	Ofinati shan munatawka
11.	Ընտրել ճիշտ տարբերակը։ Choose the right option.
	Doctor Watson found it pleasant to be once more in Sherlock Holmes's office, where so
	many unusual adventures (11) their beginning. He looked around at everything
	in the room and at last his eyes (12) back to the bright, smiling face of Billy.
	"There (13) to be any change here, Billy. And you (14) either. I hope
	you can say the same for him?" Billy threw a worried look at the closed door of the bedroom.
	"I think he is asleep," he said.
11	
	a) have
	b) have had
	c) had had
	d) are having
12]
	a) came
	b) had come
	c) were coming
	d) have come
	d) have come
1.2]
13	a) ign't goomad
	a) isn't seemed
	b) hasn't seemed
	c) doesn't seem
	d) didn't seem

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- a) haven't been changed
- b) haven't changed
- c) aren't changed
- d) aren't changing

In 1859, a man Waterman S. Bodey by name (15) ______ gold in California. Shortly after, people began to pour into the area, and a town grew up near the spot where gold (16) ______. The people called the town Bodie. They preferred that spelling of Bodey's name. In the early 1880s, 10,000 people (17) ______ in the town; many of them were looking for gold. With so many gold seekers living there, Bodie became one of the wildest towns in the West. By the 1890s, however, people were leaving Bodie because the supply of gold (18) _____ out. The town of Bodie – what is left of it – now belongs to the state of California. It is a state historic park. Many visitors to the town consider Bodie to be an important historic monument. They think the town helps them to understand the past. When people see the old buildings, they (19) _____ imagine what life was like more than 100 years ago.

15

- a) had found
- b) finds
- c) found
- d) has found

16

- a) had been found
- b) is found
- c) found
- d) would find

17

- a) live
- b) would live
- c) were living
- d) has been living

- a) has been running
- b) ran
- c) had run
- d) is running

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- a) can
- b) have to
- c) must
- d) ought to

20

- a) attempted
- b) attempt
- c) have attempted
- d) have been attempted

21

- a) will be used
- b) have been used
- c) have used
- d) would use

22

- a) will be smelled
- b) smelled
- c) was smelled
- d) will smell

- a) were made
- b) are made
- c) made
- d) are making

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7.4	ŀ

III.

a) Nor I can b) So can't I c) Neither can I d) So I can't

	a) are defining
	b) are defined
	c) define
	d) will be defined
т	Occupite Guidenness and and an incompany of the Survey of
I.	Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը։
	Choose the appropriate option.
25	"Shall I buy fresh or tinned fruit for the salad?"
	" I'm going to make a vegetable salad."
	a) Both of
	b) Neither
	c) Either
	d) Both
26	"You know, Lucy, I made a terrible mistake yesterday."
20	"Don't worry, noticed what you did."
	Don't wony, noticed what you did.
	a) anyone
	b) somebody
	c) nobody
	d) anybody
27	I've played too much table tennis today. You find another partner.
	a) had rather to
	b) would rather to
	c) would better
	d) had better
28	"I can't stand hot weather!"
	" Dreadful, isn't it?"

29	"Mrs.Williams is always beautifully dressed." "She wears nice clothes."
	a) so much b) a so c) such d) such a
30	"Do you ever regret to university?" "No, I am proud that I once was a university student."
	a) in goingb) to goc) goingd) being gone
31	"Is Jack the only relative of yours in this city?" "No, I have two cousins living herehim."
	a) except forb) besidec) exceptd) besides
32	"Do you like tennis?" "I, but now I really like it."
	a) wasn't usedb) didn't use toc) used tod) wasn't used to
33	"You look You must have got an excellent mark." "More than that! I have won the competition."
	a) so happilyb) happyc) happilyd) unhappy

34	"What do you know about?"
	"I know that it is one of the world's largest and driest deserts.
	a) the Sahara Desert
	b) the Desert Sahara
	c) Sahara Desert
	d) Sahara
	(7) 1 11 2 100
35	"How do you like my article?"
	"The more I read it I get in it."
	a) more interesting
	b) the more interesting
	c) the more interested
	d) more interested
• •	
36	"When are you leaving for South Carolina?"
	"I think I'll go"
) I 11
	a) on June 11
	b) at June 11
	c) between June 11
	d) to June of 11
37	"Do you live far from the Campus?"
37	"No, my house is walk from the College."
	want from the conego.
	a) five minute
	b) five minutes'
	c) five minute's
	-,

d) five minutes

IV.	Ընտրել համատեքստին համապատասխանող խոսքիմասային ձևը։
	Fill in the blanks with the word form that best fits each space.

If you're a student, your 'job' is (38)	and passing exams. It's easy to do well
in subjects you like, but subjects you don't like are les	ss motivating. They're not
(39) for you, but you have to study	them so you need to find purpose. An
excellent mark in a subject you hate won't help the we	orld. But can you be part of a study team
with friends? Each person can study one part until the	y understand it and then teach it to the
rest of the group. The purpose becomes helping the te	am.Go back to your list of things that
make you happy. How many of them are activities that	at bring purpose? Can you add any?
Remember, some (40) might bring b	oth pleasure and purpose.
Now you need to design a (41) life.	Paul Dolan believes people
should "decide, design, do". First decide what brings	you pleasure . Then, don't just think
about these activities, fill your life with them. For exa	mple, you might love
(42) a bike but never have time to do	it. So, ride to school or the library or
the shops.	

- a) studies
- b) study
- c) studied
- d) studying

39

- a) funs
- b) fun
- c) funnier
- d) funny

40

- a) actively
- b) active
- c) activities
- d) acts

41

- a) flexible
- b) flex
- c) flexibility
- d) flexibly

- a) ridden
- b) ride
- c) riding
- d) rider

43	it was extremely windy, we managed to have a good game of beach volleyball.
	a) Even though
	b) However
	c) No matter
	d) In spite of
44	Millions of morale around the world continue to smake
	Millions of people around the world continue to smoke
	a) because smoking causes cancer
	b) in spite of the fact that smoking causes cancer
	c) due to the fact that smoking causes cancer
	d) even though the fact that smoking causes cancer
45	you don't agree with a person's ideas, make sure that you understand what he
	is saying.
	a) Unless
	b) In spite of
	c) As
	d) Even if
46	, you will be pleased to learn that his exhibition is going to open in our
	city soon.
	a) As this painter's works are interested in you
	b) As if you are interested in this painter's works
	c) Since you are interested in this painter's works
	d) Even though in this painter's works you are interested
47	Hardly the office when he realized that he had left his wallet at home.
	a) had he entered
	b) he had entered
	c) had entered
	d) entered

V. Ընտրել նախադասության բովանդակությանը համապատասխանող տարբերակը։

Choose the right option.

48	Maria had a high temperature, and
	a) so she stayed in bed whole the day
	b) although she stayed in bed whole day
	c) as consequently she stayed in bed the whole day
	d) for that reason she stayed in bed the whole day
49	her father's advice, Sarah Dade chose medicine as her course of studies.
	a) However
	b) Although
	c) Against
	d) Moreover
50	similar in appearance, the tangerine and the clementine differ in taste.
	a) As though
	b) Owing to
	c) Even though
	d) No matter
VII OG	and the analysis and the second of the secon
	տրել ճիշտ փոխակերպված նախադասությունները։
CI	noose the correctly transformed sentences.
51	
1.	"Don't pay attention to his words," she said.
	She advises me not to pay attention to his words.
2.	"Congratulations on getting engaged, Sue," said Harry.
	Harry congratulates Sue on her engagement.
3.	Amanda says, "Pass me the book, please."
	Amanda asks me to pass her the book.

"How long does it take you to reach Brussels by train?" the passenger asked him.

The passenger asked him how long it took him to reach Brussels by train.

4. Mary asked Helen if she could meet Tom on Sunday.

5.

"Can you meet Tom on Sunday, Helen?" asked Mary.

- 1. *Sammy said to me, "Do you like the red or the white T-shirt?"* Sammy asked me whether I liked the red or the white T-shirt.
- 2. "If I ask you nicely, will you buy an ice-cream?" she said. She told me to buy an ice-cream as she asks me nicely.
- 3. *Mr. Miller said Hans wouldn't mind carrying that sack of flour to the market.* "Hans, would you mind carrying this sack of flour to the market?" said Miller.
- 4. "We'll be writing to you later this week," they told Maria. They told Maria they'd be writing to her later that week.
- 5. "The prices won't rise before the end of the year," Mrs. Roberts said. Mrs. Roberts said the prices wouldn't rise before the end of the year.

- 1. They asked me, "Did Paul lose or win the match?" They asked me whether did Paul lose or win the match.
- 2. "Why do you want to terminate the contract?" the manager said to me. The manager asked me why I wanted to terminate the contract.
- 3. *The young man asked: "Are there any double rooms in this hotel?*The young man wonders if there are any double rooms in this hotel.
- 4. Jason said they would do their best in the exams the next day. Jason says, "We will do our best in the exams tomorrow."
- 5. "What time did he ring you up from the airport?" she said to me. She asked me what time he had rang me up from the airport.

- 1. Lora asked the painter which picture was the most famous one.

 Lora said to the painter, "Which picture is the most famous one?"
- 2. "You'd better buy a new digital camera," said Mary. Mary advised me to buy a new digital camera.
- 3. *She says, "Mary looked at me with astonishment when I told her the news."*She said that Mary had looked at her with astonishment when she told her the news.
- 4. *She asks, "Do you have anything in mind for dinner tonight?"*She asked me whether I had something in my mind for dinner that night.
- 5. He said, "Anita, did you check over the report yesterday?"

 He asked Anita if she had checked over the report the day before.

- 1. "Hello, Sam! Why didn't you join us yesterday?" Garry said.
 Garry greeted Sam and asked why he hadn't joined them the day before.
- 2. "Let's stay in till the rain has stopped," Jim said. Jim suggested staying in till the rain had stopped.
- 3. The engineer wonders why the project changed so often.

 The engineer said: "I wonder why the project changed so often."
- 4. "How do you know there is going to be a demonstration?" Jack said. Jack asked how did I know there was going to be a demonstration.
- 5. The officer asked, "Why didn't the plane land in Calcutta?" The officer asked why the plane hadn't landed in Calcutta.

VII. Տեքստում բաց են թողնված բառեր։ Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան բառը (տրված բառերից երկուսն ավելորդ են)։

Fit the missing words into the gaps of the following text (two odd variants are given).

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1 h	
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The street party is a popular form of ______ in Britain. Whole streets come together to mark such important _____ occasions as a new millennium. Street parties need the _____ of as many people as possible. Street parties are _____, national affairs, which involve a great deal of eating, drinking, dancing. There should also be plenty of good music to _____ the teenagers to stay around.

1. say 2. involvement 3. traditional 4. simple 5. encourage 6. holidays 7. celebration

VIII. Ընտրել քերականորեն ճիշտ ձևակերպված հարցական նախադասությունները։ Choose the correctly formulated questions.

57

- 1. There's nothing in that box, is there?
- 2. Everybody was eager to take part in the discussion, wasn't he?
- 3. Can you tell me where can I find Dr Mortimer?
- 4. Do you agree that the destruction of that system is really inevitable?
- 5. Does your sister dance as gracefully as you are?

- 1. When you did see Dr Adams last?
- 2. The girls could hardly carry the suitcases, could they?
- 3. It's time you stopped smoking, isn't it?
- 4. Does your brother or sister go in for basketball?
- 5. Can you tell me what time does the show begin?

- 1. He ought to help his friends, shouldn't he?
- 2. Can you tell me where have I to register my luggage?
- 3. They were listening to the news when he came, weren't they?
- 4. They have to receive a long-term loan, haven't they?
- 5. Have they had any problems with their son lately?

60

- 1. Are checks and balances an important concept in the formation of the US system of government?
- 2. Mark's got a nice motor-bike, isn't he?
- 3. John had his laptop repaired, hadn't he?
- 4. Are you going to Palm Springs or to Palm Beach?
- 5. Can you tell me what do Armenians usually have for breakfast?

61

- 1. Would you rather sit in the pilot's cabin or at the window?
- 2. He's fastened the papers together with a paper clip, isn't he?
- 3. Why do you think Alice felt very pleased with herself?
- 4. Whether we'll go there or not depends on your decision, doesn't it?
- 5. Who do you cooperate with?
- IX. Լրացնել տեքստը՝ տեղադրելով համապատասխան նախդիրները/մակբայները (տրված տարբերակներից երկուսն ավելորդ են)։

Fill in the gaps with the prepositions/adverbs given below (two of them are odd).

62

There were lots of kids from school _______ the bus. Kay felt they were all looking at her. Julie McGann was whispering ______ her friend. They started laughing. Kay and Becky sat down. 'Who is it?" asked Kay. "Shh! He's sitting at the back. Don't look!' Kay looked. Ollie Jones was sitting on the back seat, looking ______ his phone. 'But why?' asked Kay. 'Well, you did just finish _____ him, didn't you?' said Becky. 'What? We weren't going ______,' said Kay. 'And I don't even like him.' 'Yeah, well I heard he *really* liked you.'

That day at school was terrible. When she didn't have classes with Becky, no one talked to her or sat next to her. She kept getting messages.

1. at, 2. to, 3. for, 4. on, 5. out, 6. by, 7. with

X. Ընտրել այն նախադասությունները որոնցում կա ավելորդ բառ։ Choose the sentences with an odd word.

63

- 1. We know that modern plants and factories send a lot of smoke into air.
- 2. The Queen Victoria was the youngest queen to sit on the throne of England.
- 3. The students thanked to the professor for such an interesting report.
- 4. The new machine processes 50 percent more than the previous one.
- 5. My sister was fond of poetry and she used to read a lot when she was at the school.

64

- 1. The Prime Minister of Great Britain lives at No.10, the Downing Street.
- 2. Feathers keep birds warm and dry; they also enable them to fly.
- 3. Marriage customs differ greatly from society to the society.
- 4. Medical students must learn both the theory and the practice of medicine.
- 5. Dreams are commonly made up of either both visual and verbal images.

65

- 1. The railway tunnel under the English Channel was officially opened in 1994.
- 2. In the 1800s, Asa Fray tried to describe and classify the plants found in America.
- 3. As they have moved away, they hardly for ever go to the beach.
- 4. While in London, they always stay at an expensive hotel close to the square.
- 5. I think I would enjoy working at the camp as though I am very fond of children.

66

- 1. Adventure holidays are only recommended for those who want to return from their holidays more exhausted than when they left.
- 2. Not only did he give us good advice but he also helped us do the work.
- 3. Scientists have discovered that at least ninety percent of the human race is right-handed.
- 4. I haven't picked up my mail for two days and I don't really care for.
- 5. My mother asked me if how we could help a neighbour of ours.

- 1. The most unique musical instrument in the Republic of Cuba is the maracas.
- 2. We had better to get up early so as not to miss the morning train.
- 3. This exercise is much more easier than the previous one.
- 4. Speech is the most advanced form of communication, but there are many ways of communicating without using speech.
- 5. By the end of the term I will have been attended this course for six months.

XI. Տրված նախադասություններից որո՞նք են կրավորական սեռով ճիշտ ձևակերպված։ Choose the correctly formulated Passive constructions.

68

- 1. The metallic ball to mix hot and cold water invented Alec Manoukyan.
- 2. Signals, signs, symbols and gestures may be found in every known culture.
- 3. Seven times a year the offices and banks in England are closed on a Monday.
- 4. Is your brother's shirt made of cotton?
- 5. He should have given up smoking years ago.

69

- 1. He has been told everything, without concealing the facts.
- 2. Children should be taught foreign languages before starting school.
- 3. A report on Modern Linguistics had made by Mr. Porter.
- 4. Santa Claus believed to have entered their house through the chimney.
- 5. Kennedy was assassinated by Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone.

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- 1. A lot of goods are brought to London from many countries.
- 2. On February 4, 1789, George Washington became the first and only president unanimously elected by the Electoral College.
- 3. The walls in your living-room shouldn't have painted in dark colours.
- 4. During World War I Ernest Hemingway was wounded on the Italian front.
- 5. The Presidential motorcade was moving slowly through the Central Square.

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- 1. Hemingway's experiences in Italy during World War I became the material for one of his best-loved novels, *A Farewell to Arms*.
- 2. If she hadn't been so bad-tempered, I might have married her.
- 3. We Are the World was written by Michael Jackson and Lionel Richie.
- 4. A ballet school is being built in this district.
- 5. Friends are needed both for joy and for sorrow.

- 1. He will be given all the necessary information.
- 2. The Congo, the world's deepest river, gets its name from the ancient *Kingdom of Kongo*.
- 3. In 1921, Chaplin was awarded by the French government for his outstanding work as a filmmaker.
- 4. Madame Tussaud's Museum in London has got branches in a number of major cities.
- 5. The president of their country elected two years ago.

XII. Համապատասխանեցնել բառերը և սահմանումները։ Match the words and their definitions.

73	

- A) Aggression
- B) Sympathy
- C) Support
- D) Promotion
- 1) feelings of anger and hatred that may result in violent behaviour
- 2) a move to a more important job in a company
- 3) encouragement or help that you give to somebody
- 4) the act of making something stay the same
- 5) feelings of pity and sorrow for someone else's misfortune

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- A) Involve
- B) Amaze
- C) Amuse
- D) Encourage
- 1) make somebody take part in something
- 2) surprise somebody very much
- 3) give someone confidence or hope
- 4) believe that something is true
- 5) make somebody laugh or smile

75

- A) Fantasy
- B) Stress
- C) Hostility
- D) Faith

- 1) a feeling of satisfaction
- 2) a worried or nervous feeling that makes you unable to relax
- 3) aggressive behaviour towards people or ideas
- 4) complete trust or confidence in someone or something
- 5) the act of imagining impossible or improbable things

- A) Enthusiasm
- B) Embarrassment
- C) Crisis
- D) Disaster
- 1) a feeling of shame or awkwardness
- 2) a time of intense difficulty or danger
- 3) a change of mood
- 4) a natural catastrophe
- 5) a strong feeling of excitement and interest in something

XIII. Համապատասխանեցնել նախադասության երկու մասերը։ Match the beginning and the end of the sentences.

77

- A) Thousands of people were left without shelter
- B) The style of an Islamic wedding varies depending
- C) All my friends and relatives were invited
- D) My birthday was a great occasion

- 1) in a restaurant with hundreds of people.
- 2) to share a meal and celebrate the event.
- 3) with a prayer that marriage will never end.
- 4) on the cultural background of the couple.
- 5) after the severe earthquake.
- 6) for violating the rules.

78

- A) Mr. Norris warned me not to
- B) My friend recommended
- C) Father reminded us
- D) Jenny didn't bother to thank me
- 1) that he will reply to that email.
- 2) to be ready for the journey at 6 sharp.
- 3) taking a single ticket.
- 4) for lending her my bike.
- 5) raise the issue of pay rise at the upcoming meeting.
- 6) not delete those files.

79

- A) When the dish is placed before you, do not eye it suspiciously
- B) Never stretch over the table for something you want,
- C) Take a slice of bread from the bread-plate by hand,
- D) Do not bite into the whole slice,

- 1) break it off piece by piece.
- 2) do not use a fork for it.
- 3) ask your neighbour to pass it.
- 4) read the morning newspaper while eating.
- 5) so do not use a knife for fish cutlets or omelets.
- 6) as though it were the first time you had seen it, and do not sniff it.

- A) I didn't realize what he was saying because
- B) After the interruption, the speaker went on talking
- C) Millions of people around the world continue to smoke
- D) In summer a lot of tourists usually walk round the town

- 1) my mind was on something else.
- 2) without sightseeing and photographs.
- 3) looking at the sights and taking photographs.
- 4) in spite of the fact that it causes cancer.
- 5) as if nothing had happened.
- 6) so they don't work here any more.